

Supplementary data

Table S1. Association between regularly visited facilities (RVF) and all-cause mortality in the group with clinic as the most frequently visited facility (MFVF)

Fragmentation measure	2–4 Chronic Conditions		≥5 Chronic Conditions	
	HR (95% CI)	p value	HR (95% CI)	p value
RVF				
0	NA	NA	NA	NA
1	Reference	-	Reference	-
2	1.64 (0.86–3.13)	0.131	0.98 (0.44–2.19)	0.961
≥3	0.30 (0.10–0.90)	0.031	1.07 (0.51–2.26)	0.860
Sex (Male)	0.76 (0.41–1.39)	0.366	0.97 (0.58–1.63)	0.907
Age (per 1 year)	1.08 (0.88–1.33)	0.470	1.06 (0.88–1.28)	0.518
Frailty (yes)	0.94 (0.45–1.96)	0.861	2.35 (1.39–3.95)	0.001
FCI				
Q1	Reference	-	Reference	-
Q2	0.91 (0.45–1.86)	0.799	0.56 (0.23–1.32)	0.182
Q3	0.46 (0.19–1.13)	0.092	0.88 (0.40–1.93)	0.743
Q4	0.38 (0.13–1.15)	0.086	0.86 (0.40–1.83)	0.687
Sex (Male)	0.77 (0.42–1.41)	0.397	0.97 (0.58–1.63)	0.913

Age (per 1 year)	1.06 (0.85–1.32)	0.603	1.07 (0.89–1.29)	0.459
Frailty (yes)	0.86 (0.41–1.80)	0.690	2.41 (1.43–4.05)	< 0.001

HR, hazard ratio; RVF, regularly visited facilities; FCI, fragmentation of care index; NA, not applicable.

Note: Analysis was performed using the same Cox proportional hazards model as in Table S1, with the group whose most visited medical facility was a clinic.